TRANSCRIPT: IN -STUDIO ARTIST CONVERSATION WITH MICHAEL SCOTT 28 00:03:43.320 --> 00:03:48.720 Amy Scott: Good afternoon everybody or evening, as the case may be. 29 00:03:49.410 --> 00:03:58.950 Amy Scott: I'm Amy Scott, I'm the Executive Vice President of research and interpretation, as well as the Maryland being held me gross curator at the otter Museum of the American West. 30 00:03:59.550 --> 00:04:11.520 Amy Scott: First, I'd like to begin by thanking all of our trustees and members who made this this series possible and for the opportunity to share with you the work of a truly 31 00:04:12.090 --> 00:04:19.020 Amy Scott: Extraordinary artists. So, on behalf of the Audrey trustees and staff. Welcome to the otter artists salons. 32 00:04:19.620 --> 00:04:25.470 Amy Scott: Joining me today from my view from his beautiful studio in Santa Fe, New Mexico will be Michael Scott momentarily. 33 00:04:26.430 --> 00:04:38.610 Amy Scott: Michael began exhibiting has worked in the late 1970s and has since shown extensively throughout the Midwest on the east coast and in New York, where he spent some of his formative years as a young artist. 34 00:04:39.030 --> 00:04:54.660 Amy Scott: As well as Santa Fe and other museums across the west, including one of my personal favorites, the notable Gilchrist museum and Tulsa, which I'm sure many of you are familiar with, which is currently exhibiting some, but not all of the very works that will be talking about here. 35 00:04:55.860 --> 00:05:03.570 Amy Scott: He's also shown, of course, in Los Angeles that the otter Museum of the American West last year with some of the words from his Fire series. 36 00:05:03.870 --> 00:05:11.910 Amy Scott: A landscape series that I think comprises really some of his most exciting and interesting work yet. And that is saying a great deal. 37 00:05:12.780 --> 00:05:22.380

Amy Scott: I personally have no Michael for over 20 years having encountered him first to his little redheaded series at the general Peters Gallery in Santa Fe. Back in the late 1990s. 38 00:05:22.980 --> 00:05:30.780 Amy Scott: We struck up a correspondence that has continued ever since. And one of the reasons for that, I think, has to do with Michaels deep 39 00:05:31.440 --> 00:05:40.920 Amy Scott: Intellectual involvement with some of the questions posed by art history major questions such as the nature of painting versus reality. 40 00:05:41.460 --> 00:05:48.540 Amy Scott: The landscape is an object versus metaphor and the stories that art tells through symbols. 41 00:05:49.170 --> 00:05:59.400Amy Scott: He also has a deep and abiding love of the American West and of western art evidence in previous series of his such as the buffalo bolts. 42 00:05:59.940 --> 00:06:12.990Amy Scott: a play on words that combined iconography from wild west show propaganda with references to still live in the to look crazy and 17th century Holland to speak to matters of representation and artistic versus market value. 43 00:06:13.980 --> 00:06:28.170 Amy Scott: He followed that up. Not long after, with the 40 fables a winding narrative in which characters from the work of the turn of the century frontier artists can refer any help quide the viewer through a conversation about truth and beauty and art. 44 00:06:29.220 --> 00:06:48.120 Amy Scott: Now, importantly, unlike many artists who stick to figuration or abstraction portraiture or narrative Michael is more renaissance man and today we're going to be looking at, again, what I really think is some of the very best work he's yet produced, which is all about the landscape. 45 00:06:49.200 --> 00:06:51.900 Amy Scott: From grand paintings that evoke the sublime. 46 00:06:52.800 --> 00:07:05.970

Amy Scott: Of Western wilderness to matters of ecological transformation and even climate change, Michael consistently applies his unique analytics intellect and deep knowledge of our history to his landscapes. 47 00:07:06.450 --> 00:07:13.320 Amy Scott: Which, as we'll see, pay homage to history, while speaking directly to environmental issues that matter today. 48 00:07:14.340 --> 00:07:25.920 Amy Scott: If you have questions during our conversation, please enter them in the Q AMP a feature at the bottom of your zoom window and we'll have we'll be sure to spare some time to go through those after our conversation. 49 00:07:27.420 --> 00:07:36.990 Amy Scott: And as many of you also know, of course, the otter museum represents something different to each and every one of our visitors who come to us physically and these days, virtually 50 00:07:37.620 --> 00:07:51.750 Amy Scott: And for me, these personal connections in the mini portal through which they're created is one of our defining strengths of this institution. So with no further ado, welcome. Michael, thank you so much for joining us today. 51 00:07:54.300 --> 00:07:55.260 Michael Scott: There we go. 52 00:07:55.830 --> 00:07:57.840 Amy Scott: Excellent. Hi, my friend, how are you 53 00:07:58.230 --> 00:08:00.390 Amy Scott: Good, good, good. 54 00:08:01.890 --> 00:08:13.890 Amy Scott: Well, thank you again for doing this. I, I wish I could be there in person. I love our studio visits and our chats, but hopefully this will be about the next best thing. Rob, if you can pull up the first slide, please. 55 00:08:16.350 --> 00:08:34.140 Amy Scott: So I thought is, by way of an introduction to Michael and how he thinks that we would show this relatively early work which he calls to wander painted in 1985 alongside Casper David Friedrichs I'm famous

painting the Wonder above the sea of fog came to the 1880s.

56 00:08:35.280 --> 00:08:55.890 Amy Scott: And this is a relatively early work for Michael and which importantly he has never shown. So you're getting a real treat here today and it depicts the artist as an explorer in the grand tradition of 19th century exploration and naturalism is defined by Friedrich staining. 57 00:08:57.450 --> 00:09:13.080 Amy Scott: Friedrichs painting is also thought to have been a Portrait of the Artist and it depicts him on this literal precipice of visual discovery overlooking a vast landscape which is yet unseen as it's hidden amongst the clouds. 58 00:09:14.310 --> 00:09:34.140 Amy Scott: So Michaels work. I'm taking some cues from Friedrich interestingly was painted at a time and the mid 80s, long before realism and narrative arc returned to prominence within the art world when abstraction and pop were still 59 00:09:35.370 --> 00:09:53.820 Amy Scott: The sort of genres that were considered to be important. And so this painting really confronts history it confronts art history at a time when some of the very issues that its predecessor takes up were considered to be passe. 60 00:09:55.200 --> 00:10:21.030 Amy Scott: So Michael, I thought I would start by talking a little bit about why you chose this painting the Friedrich painting to model yourself and you're sort of artistic self image on at this point in career and what that says about your approach to the environment to landscape into 61 00:10:23.910 --> 00:10:27.900 Michael Scott: Well, first of all, the reason why the paintings. Never been shown is 62 00:10:29.100 --> 00:10:32.610 Michael Scott: Pretty much feel it was a ridiculous pain. 63 00:10:34.380 --> 00:10:50.790Michael Scott: And but sometimes you have to do ridiculous paintings, just to kind of get them out of your crawl and it was a a idea that a concept that I wanted to explore and had explored sense and that is the 64 00:10:52.230 --> 00:11:15.000

Michael Scott: The artist says wander that's obvious and then making reference to the Frederick, but also this kind of moment that occurs in the landscape, when you view the, the moon, the sun, you had this temporal collision. So there's a temporal moment and then you have this iconic symbol of the circle. 65 00:11:17.070 --> 00:11:25.110 Michael Scott: You know, if you look at Jungian psychology, the archetype of the circle and certainly representing interpret eternity. So 66 00:11:25.680 --> 00:11:42.060 Michael Scott: You know, there you go. You have those two things colliding and and then of course out there on the rocks being you know i i did feel in many ways. I was attracted to Romanticism, but same time, it was very much out of favor and so you're 67 00:11:43.980 --> 00:11:54.780 Michael Scott: You're out there in the big ocean. They're insecure, I suppose, because I was a pretty good painter at this period and 68 00:11:56.310 --> 00:12:06.990 Michael Scott: When I think that the wonder, an idea that has continued that that is the artist process that fascinated 69 00:12:08.160 --> 00:12:09.870 Michael Scott: To continue with and 70 00:12:11.160 --> 00:12:20.820 Michael Scott: That's pretty much it for that piece. I mean, Frederick being a hero of mine and we we look at him later in this discussion, but he 71 00:12:22.500 --> 00:12:31.710 Michael Scott: Was very attractiveness sublime and almost, I would say, over half of his inventory of works deal with the civilized 72 00:12:33.060 --> 00:12:35.280 Michael Scott: Landscape artists know that's certainly 73 00:12:36.510 --> 00:12:39.300 Michael Scott: You know, that's a fascinating subject to do 74 00:12:40.830 --> 00:12:53.700

Amy Scott: So let's delve into this idea of the sublime, just a little bit more because I think this workers throughout your landscape work especially and is want to throw really many important our historical concepts and ideas that you came to 75 00:12:54.810 --> 00:13:03.450 Amy Scott: Like to return to the sublime is defined by historic art and Friedrich foremost among them. Is this the idea that the landscape. 76 00:13:04.080 --> 00:13:15.540 Amy Scott: is itself a force that was it. That is within our reach, but also beyond our control. So it has an overwhelming sensation often created through 77 00:13:16.020 --> 00:13:27.570 Amy Scott: Immense natural beauty and grander but that overwhelming sensation itself becomes a metaphor and historical sublime for the relationship between man and God right 78 00:13:28.440 --> 00:13:49.680 Amy Scott: Friedrichs self portrait is very much of himself in the heavens you, however, I think. Interestingly, are on the rocks in the sea and perhaps even more so because they're choppy there. These waves are very jag and even more so than Friedrich speaks to this element of risk. 79 00:13:50.700 --> 00:14:11.160 Amy Scott: Which is a big component of approaching that line between man and God in art between man and God in nature, as well as, of course, the artistic risks that you have to take as an artist, and especially as a young artist working in a genre that is not fashionable at the time. 80 00:14:12.990 --> 00:14:14.220 Michael Scott: Yeah, it's risky business. 81 00:14:16.230 --> 00:14:27.330 Michael Scott: No question about it, kind of a funny little sidebar about this painting and I've done this painting and I had it. It was something I'd worked on. 82 00:14:28.560 --> 00:14:32.580Michael Scott: Primarily out of influenced out of churches Acadia. 83 00:14:33.840 --> 00:14:35.310 Michael Scott: Painting and

84 00:14:36.480 --> 00:14:47.580 Michael Scott: I just love that piece, but every summer we would be on money and island and and i would allow the boys to invite one friend and and so 85 00:14:48.630 --> 00:14:50.220 Michael Scott: This particular summer. 86 00:14:51.780 --> 00:15:00.240 Michael Scott: young fellow Max's bloody his. He was around 12 or 13 years old, Matt earlier came and so it was we're on Island, you know, 87 00:15:01.260 --> 00:15:05.040 Michael Scott: Getting ready for dinner and Matt has nowhere to be found. And so 88 00:15:05.850 --> 00:15:21.330 Michael Scott: I sent the boys out to go find him and they came back. A few minutes later, and they said, Dad, you have to come with us. He's out on the rocks and so Matt had seen this painting. I mean, he I know he had encountered it in the studio before we went to the island and 89 00:15:22.650 --> 00:15:27.300 Michael Scott: So there's Matt out there. And all I can think of, well, you know, he's gonna drown and 90 00:15:29.070 --> 00:15:41.820 Michael Scott: All his dad is, I'm sorry. Can we lost Matt to the rocks and so that unfortunately we did convince him to jump in. We caught it, and it was able to get back, but he 91 00:15:43.170 --> 00:15:45.120Michael Scott: To this day is a wonder and so 92 00:15:46.620 --> 00:15:57.090 Michael Scott: Yeah, I found the whole idea of this painting and his whole life to be kind of like a oddity, and so I suppose that one. 93 00:15:58.680 --> 00:15:59.370 One. 94 00:16:01.320 --> 00:16:07.950

Michael Scott: Element that actually increases likes risk, you know, if you go and test out these theories 95 00:16:08.760 --> 00:16:08.970 But 96 00:16:10.170 --> 00:16:12.840 Michael Scott: Anyway, he's safe and sound and so 97 00:16:14.940 --> 00:16:16.230 Michael Scott: episode about that piece. 98 00:16:16.560 --> 00:16:24.930 Amy Scott: Well, that that's that's certainly good news. And it turned out okay. I'm Rob, we can move to the next slide please. 99 00:16:27.180 --> 00:16:38.130 Amy Scott: Alright, this painting or this pairing. Um, I thought, now that we have a sense of sort of who you are and who your artistic heroes are and your ambitions. 100 00:16:38.520 --> 00:16:55.620 Amy Scott: When it comes to landscape that we could talk a little bit about your process. So the painting on the left is called Summer Solstice you painted it in Washington state between 2016 to 19 so a three year period of development, which is actually not uncommon for you. 101 00:16:56.700 --> 00:17:09.720 Amy Scott: And it's basically an outdoor studio, as well as the landscape in which the easel and the paints in the foreground invite the viewer or are inviting the viewer into participate 102 00:17:10.110 --> 00:17:18.900 Amy Scott: As if they were the artists. So it's basically an invitation to create. It's an invitation to view to see the land through your eyes. 103 00:17:20.130 --> 00:17:26.940 Amy Scott: But what is even. So that's a conceptual sort of play within itself. But what I find as interesting. 104 00:17:28.230 --> 00:17:49.950 Amy Scott: Is that what is being painted in the little painting on the easel, which is this ghostly white dear is not visible in the scene

itself. So basically it's a painting of a painting that does not correspond to the artists or the viewers experience that pain. 105 00:17:51.270 --> 00:17:53.370 Amy Scott: So what's going on there. 106 00:17:53.850 --> 00:18:09.390 Michael Scott: Yeah, the process. You know, I think it's important for people understand the process which is I do these small field paintings on site, and they're in effect my memory and my experience of the place. 107 00:18:10.530 --> 00:18:18.990 Michael Scott: Actually, I am a couple of them here show you what they look like. This is one from Coos Bay and emotion pay 108 00:18:20.760 --> 00:18:21.450 Michael Scott: This is 109 00:18:24.840 --> 00:18:29.280 Michael Scott: This is one really gets at the experience. There was a storm. This is up in the 110 00:18:31.050 --> 00:18:44.760 Michael Scott: Boundary Waters last summer and canoeing, the storm comes up the ways, you know, push you to shore and so at that time, I will rather than stop and unpack I would 111 00:18:45.900 --> 00:19:05.190 Michael Scott: Have been mega painting about the canoe being pushed up. And so, that process is usually, you know, sometimes the quickest I've ever done a painting was probably five minutes. I was up in in Canada and 112 00:19:06.330 --> 00:19:06.930 Michael Scott: Was 113 00:19:08.040 --> 00:19:24.000 Michael Scott: black fly season. The title of the painting was the attack the black flies. I was completely surrounded and so my rag and my brush was all all one at that moment and you use the rag in this process of making these small paintings 114 00:19:25.350 -> 00:19:35.190

Michael Scott: As much as you do the brush and really you're dealing with to two different variable simultaneously, which is object based planning. 115 00:19:35.250 --> 00:19:36.780 Michael Scott: And then ground based paint. 116 00:19:36.870 --> 00:19:46.260 Michael Scott: And so the the object base operates to a point. So you're wandering around in the woods and you all of a sudden 117 00:19:47.820 --> 00:19:50.700 Michael Scott: There's something that stops you, you, you, you. 118 00:19:51.870 --> 00:20:03.360 Michael Scott: You have this experience that says, Okay, stop here and let's check this out. So it seems interesting enough, you, you start working setting up your easel, etc. But then you 119 00:20:03.990 --> 00:20:13.920 Michael Scott: Have to leave that that's a conscious choice of that stopping and then you leave that process. Once you enter into the painting and it becomes brown base and 120 00:20:14.520 --> 00:20:24.300 Michael Scott: Sorry if this sounds a little bit too abstract that I'll try to explain it thoroughly where the ground based is making the mark. So the first mark on the pedal is 121 00:20:24.660 --> 00:20:41.670 Michael Scott: Now responding to the place and the second mark then informs the next mark and so that informing mark after Mark is a very, it comes out of abstract expressionism which say more than anything else and you are participant. 122 00:20:42.690 --> 00:20:51.510 Michael Scott: With just mark making and which is void of the place and void of the object and then you return to the object. 123 00:20:51.900 --> 00:21:06.240 Michael Scott: Refer the imagery that you're you're actually dealing with, which is a certain mapping of the place. And those marks and over time of working on the painting actually add up to the place and so

124

00:21:06.810 --> 00:21:07.110 Michael Scott: That's 125 00:21:07.200 --> 00:21:21.720 Michael Scott: The memory and and that particular memory then offers meeting and and then once you come back into the studio and you have this image. These. And while I'm going to develop this 126 00:21:22.140 --> 00:21:36.390 Michael Scott: I'm going to take this a bit further than that meaning than enters into the dialogue with the pain. So the original studying for this particular place the summer solstice, they're up in Washington state and around the push 127 00:21:39.150 --> 00:21:49.710 Michael Scott: Does not contain the easel does not contain the ghost hair does not contain the antlers on these. So the branches at some point after a year, year and a half, working on this painting. 128 00:21:51.210 --> 00:22:01.860 Michael Scott: Then kind of revealed that the easel had become this deer and and then okay was the deer. Imagine, or was it real. 129 00:22:02.340 --> 00:22:24.360 Michael Scott: And so sometimes in the field, your imagination and your own histories actually dictate an occurrence. And so the memory of what happens in the rain forest is it's a pretty dense place. There's a lot of, in some ways, kind of a frightening place because there's so much 130 00:22:25.590 --> 00:22:41.970 Michael Scott: Density to it and then you have to convey that are you trying to convey that a large work. So the trees back in the larger piece going back into the larger painting the trees become very figurative and almost like dancers, if you will. 1.31 00:22:43.500 --> 00:22:54.720 Michael Scott: And so it's this interaction between the deer, quote unquote, but also offering the viewer, the experience of making a painting. So this is how it works. 1.32 00:22:55.620 --> 00:23:07.080 Michael Scott: Is basically the process things come, they go, sometimes they enter they disappear. So it's not as if I'm not a painter that does an A, B, C, D, and then it's done. I mean,

00:23:07.800 --> 00:23:14.070 Michael Scott: There's a lot of migration in the work and and a lot of drifting. Sometimes the paintings 134 00:23:15.720 --> 00:23:18.690 Michael Scott: Are destroyed out of the process and and 135 00:23:20.280 --> 00:23:28.620 Michael Scott: You try not to do that, but it had, like, what is it like is sorry I didn't mean to destroy, but you got destroyed. 136 00:23:31.290 --> 00:23:35.790 Amy Scott: And Rob, we put that slide it back. Just one quick minute because I wanted to 137 00:23:36.660 --> 00:23:45.510 Amy Scott: Look at this idea of the branches dancers and that there's a rhythm and timing and a sense of sort of movement that is choreographed throughout the painting. 1.38 00:23:45.780 --> 00:23:59.730 Amy Scott: But of course it's done that through your memory and sort of your unconscious as much as the experiences in the landscape itself, which would have been very, very brief compared to the amount of time in a three, seven years you anxious about working 139 00:24:00.870 --> 00:24:06.510 Amy Scott: On the canvas. And so there's this animated anthropomorphized 140 00:24:08.130 --> 00:24:15.930 Amy Scott: Quality to the landscape that comes not only from the rhythm of the branches kind of dancing around and foreground 141 00:24:16.710 --> 00:24:27.120 Amy Scott: The more static branches in the middle to background, of course, the antlers and then the emergence of the deer kind of mysteriously out of the campus itself. 142 00:24:28.080 --> 00:24:38.970 Amy Scott: But it has a personality to it that like most people have is difficult to really understand or thoroughly know 143 00:24:39.570 --> 00:24:54.270

Amy Scott: And it also has an imaginative almost sort of supernatural quality. I think that makes it a little teeny bit scary. And with that, speaking of the supernatural. I thought we could look at one of 144 00:24:55.290 --> 00:25:12.090 Amy Scott: The most surreal works that I have seen ever from you if Rob, if you can go to the next line. So this is called Titans cup on fire, and it's the work that you began earlier this year. 145 00:25:12.690 --> 00:25:13.710 Michael Scott: Right, I'm still working. 146 00:25:14.250 --> 00:25:14.640 Michael Scott: And it's 147 00:25:14.700 --> 00:25:23.850 Amy Scott: still in progress. Right. So again, another treat this painting by the time it makes it out of the studio will probably look quite differently so 148 00:25:24.630 --> 00:25:25.470 Michaels. 149 00:25:26.580 --> 00:25:38.340 Amy Scott: Michaels process though is, is part of his work and you can see the ways in which sort of the strokes and the colors I think get layered and upon one another, especially in the intensity in the heat. 150 00:25:39.390 --> 00:26:00.060 Amy Scott: Of this fire emanating mysteriously from this giant cup, when what appears to be the middle of Yosemite. So actually go to the next slide, we can talk a little bit more about these symbols and some of the sources. So as you can see Michaels Titans cup, then, is a composite landscape. 151 00:26:01.710 --> 00:26:20.910 Amy Scott: That combines two other also famous composite landscapes from American our history, which is Albert beers dad's don't 70 on the left from 1864 and, of course, Thomas Cole's Titans goblet from 1833 which is at the MIT. 152 00:26:22.140 --> 00:26:30.330 Amy Scott: And so there's a lot going on here. Clearly, but let's start

with kind of the historical lineage.

153 00:26:30.810 --> 00:26:38.550 Amy Scott: I'm beer stat was one of the most influential painters, of course, of the American West and of the Western landscape, especially 154 00:26:39.000 --> 00:26:57.780 Amy Scott: By the end of the 19th century, and he was, I think, really importantly, a student of Tom's Cole's who was perhaps the best known landscape painter prior to the airport of westward migration and known for his studies in Italy and from his borrowing. 155 00:26:58.890 --> 00:27:12.420 Amy Scott: From classical narratives in order to create metaphors for the transformation nature, especially cautionary tales on the downfall of society. Those of you who knew his famous course of empire series, for example. 156 00:27:13.530 --> 00:27:26.610 Amy Scott: And so, together they really speak to the significance of the landscape at these two formative moments in American and in Western history. The Jacksonian Era of Thomas Cole. 1.57 00:27:27.660 --> 00:27:53.490 Amy Scott: Who is eager to launch westward expansion simultaneously and clearing it I think of native peoples and and then beer stat is really an artist of the post civil war and of reconstruction in which during which people are looking to the Western landscape for a sense of renewal following 158 00:27:54.660 --> 00:28:10.710 Amy Scott: And recovery and sort of spiritual regeneration, if you will. I'm following this absolutely devastating incredibly divisive and bloody conflict. So the coal, on the one hand, from the era of 159 00:28:12.990 --> 00:28:30.960 Amy Scott: Jacksonian sort of pre expansion and then the beer stat looking to recover from some of the consequences of the conflict that that expansion ignited in a literal sense and there's your piece right in the middle of 160 00:28:32.460 --> 00:28:33.480 Amy Scott: The two of them. 161 $00:28:35.520 \rightarrow 00:28:37.170$ Michael Scott: About Cole here for a second.

162 00:28:37.290 --> 00:28:37.740 Amy Scott: Yeah. 163 00:28:38.070 --> 00:28:43.380 Michael Scott: Because it helps. I think give some gives the viewer, a little bit of history and background. 164 00:28:44.700 --> 00:28:51.390 Michael Scott: Because the the cup painting or the guy that is probably the most obscure of all of his paintings and 165 00:28:52.920 --> 00:28:55.320 Michael Scott: Artists storage for years have not been 166 00:28:55.830 --> 00:29:02.040 Michael Scott: Paying yeah and it's very undefined. In that regard, but you see these little sailboats and things 167 00:29:03.510 --> 00:29:20.130 Michael Scott: You know and and previous to him making this particular painting he had gone to roll news influenced by flawed Moran, and who was basically a painter of the ideal landscape. He's probably the model for that and then 168 00:29:21.510 --> 00:29:38.790 Michael Scott: But Cole's interest there was not so much in the idea landscape, but he was painting the Roman and Greek rules. And so if you take the goblet, you know, out of that context of how he would have 169 00:29:39.870 --> 00:29:56.460 Michael Scott: Then click this, but the viewing nature as a never ending source of abundance and in this particular painting and it would always overflow, you know, the whole idea regarding that. 170 00:29:57.150 --> 00:30:07.530 Michael Scott: And it would be very different from to other artists that he was influenced by both J. W. Turner AND JOHN. JOHN Martin. 171 00:30:09.210 --> 00:30:19.410 Michael Scott: Who had created these kind of apocalyptic imagery and and then influence to stuck and say the course of empire and so 172 00:30:21.030 --> 00:30:44.190

Michael Scott: My interpretation is that, well, it's no longer it's no longer the cup overflow, but it's the heating of the planet and the ideal or the idealistic landscape is no longer because of the intrusion of man, which gets a little bit closer to how bearish that would 173 00:30:45.540 --> 00:30:54.570 Michael Scott: Would have portrayed. Although beer stat and church they they both portrayed the human in very small 174 00:30:55.980 --> 00:31:02.520 Michael Scott: Form as well as cold in so God and the the 175 00:31:03.840 --> 00:31:10.620 Michael Scott: Landscape were far greater and and but yet, over time, certainly in today's world. 176 00:31:12.270 --> 00:31:20.490 Michael Scott: We as humans are viewing ourselves as the ruler over life and that is 177 00:31:22.560 --> 00:31:27.720 Michael Scott: You know, for that particular idea which pretty much came out of 178 00:31:29.220 --> 00:31:35.970 Michael Scott: Manifest Destiny, which is, I think it was a false mug for expansionism 179 00:31:36.810 --> 00:31:52.170 Amy Scott: Hmm. So in this by substituting the sort of the plastic lake that is in the cup in the coal painting with this really, um, you know, sort of bright 180 00:31:53.820 --> 00:32:01.710 Amy Scott: Inferno at the center of the painting, which then of course contrasts off of the sort of jumps out from the background. 181 00:32:02.220 --> 00:32:16.500 Amy Scott: That is the beer stat painted in these blues, you know, orange and blue being oppositional colors on the color wheel. You also have the idea of fire and water is oppositional elements. 182 00:32:17.040 --> 00:32:25.620

Amy Scott: Within nature. And I wonder if you can talk maybe a little bit about that how you see, because of course water figures heavily into your 183 00:32:26.220 --> 00:32:36.090 Amy Scott: Paintings as well. How does. You see these elements, you know, sort of working together, playing off one another and what the symbolism of each is relative to the other. 184 00:32:37.500 --> 00:32:41.670 Michael Scott: Well, I mean, they are opposites and and you know 185 00:32:43.680 --> 00:32:56.430 Michael Scott: Pretty much in the last five or six years been focusing mainly on the element of fire. I'm now very much involved in the element of water. This painting this large piece back here, there's 186 00:32:57.210 --> 00:32:58.860 Michael Scott: nine foot painting is 187 00:33:02.340 --> 00:33:09.870 Michael Scott: About a tsunami and and what occurs out of that experience, placing you 188 00:33:10.890 --> 00:33:31.020 Michael Scott: In the water drowning and very, very happy, happy moment for the viewer to experience. And so you have these opposites and both rising and even though the waters falling you know water does contain mysticism, the most you know of all of the elements is the most fugitive 189 00:33:31.710 --> 00:33:47.880 Michael Scott: Because shift and change from Miss to, you know, the springs that bubble up freshwater into the strains that then go into our rivers and then go into our oceans, etc, etc. 190 00:33:48.450 --> 00:33:58.590 Michael Scott: And then it can freeze. And so then you have that component and then it is lighter than the water, the containment and so it flows. So it's a really 191 00:33:59.280 --> 00:34:21.090 Michael Scott: Mysterious and magical just like fire and its own way. I mean, they both are fascinating that that are there so many, so many. I mean, we're about water, you know, and we're but we're also about fire and there's so many of our beams that deal with with fire. You know when you

192 00:34:22.140 --> 00:34:34.770 Michael Scott: drink whiskey you're drinking, fire, water, and when you click over cold, you're tasting the fire, etc. And so, you know, there's even references sexuality is attached to fire when it's 193 00:34:35.460 --> 00:34:41.430 Michael Scott: A really great romance, then it's on fire. And then when it cools down that it goes into this 194 00:34:42.480 --> 00:34:46.890 Michael Scott: Is kind of black hole that just sits there and festers and SO 195 00:34:46.950 --> 00:34:47.250 Amy Scott: You know, 196 00:34:48.120 --> 00:34:50.670 Michael Scott: It's part of our psyche and very very 197 00:34:51.690 --> 00:34:54.150 Michael Scott: Very old terms of of each 198 00:34:55.170 --> 00:35:03.180 Amy Scott: So speaking. That's one of the things that I really love about your landscape work is they are not, you know, unlike the 19th century. 199 00:35:04.500 --> 00:35:09.570Amy Scott: And unlike Albert very stout, you know, who really sort of saw nature is an object to behold a timeless. 200 00:35:11.910 --> 00:35:12.720 Amy Scott: Object. 201 00:35:13.890 --> 00:35:28.080 Amy Scott: Your work really is about change and transformation and the role of some of these elements, whether, water, fire, as opposed to destructive and a regenerative process, which brings me to this next pair of images. 202 00:35:30.900 - > 00:35:37.980Amy Scott: And so these are I think a couple of your of the more really sort of mysterious

203 00:35:39.900 --> 00:35:59.670 Amy Scott: Paintings, and I wanted to show your bitter root lessee messenger of the bitter root is the title of the painting painting between 2017 and 2020 so finished just this year, alongside another famous work by Casper David Friedrich, which is Abby in the upwards of 18 204 00:36:01.020 --> 00:36:09.660 Amy Scott: And importantly, um, the Friedrich painting is not your, you know, Bob Ross happy trees landscape right it is 205 00:36:10.800 --> 00:36:12.000 Amy Scott: It is 206 00:36:12.600 --> 00:36:13.290 Michael Scott: Thank goodness 207 00:36:14.880 --> 00:36:18.000 Amy Scott: Yeah i don't i don't see Bob Ross as a source for you, for whatever reason, 208 00:36:19.080 --> 00:36:32.040 Amy Scott: I'm but the Friedrich you know paintings that are they're dead. And they're sort of their, their twisted in depth almost kind of like how limbs go in rigor mortis um 209 00:36:32.670 --> 00:36:45.480 Amy Scott: The landscape is a cemetery. You see crosses and gravestones and the building the abbey itself is of course a ruin. There's only the facade. 210 00:36:46.740 --> 00:36:57.450 Amy Scott: Left, but more important or interesting in the Friedrich painting is not all of the symbols and elements of depth within nature. 211 00:36:58.650 --> 00:37:00.690 Amy Scott: Of the church but 212 00:37:02.100 --> 00:37:03.600 Amy Scott: The idea of 213 00:37:04.710 --> 00:37:29.130

Amy Scott: What remains after that depth and it's a Ghost and with like any ghost or ghostly element which is basically in its essence, what is left behind by the physical death of nature of a being of the body. 214 00:37:29.970 --> 00:37:45.090 Amy Scott: And there's a great deal of mystery to that. And so then the church becomes less of a static object than a gateway or a passage into 215 00:37:45.870 --> 00:38:03.960 Amy Scott: Another unseen part of the landscape, perhaps an otherworldly realm. So there's this supernatural quality to the church, which is part of the reason I think a major part of the reason why it's such a resonant and studied image throughout our history. 216 00:38:05.280 --> 00:38:13.020 Amy Scott: And then looking at your work alongside that what separates what both, I think ties it to and distinguishes it from 217 00:38:14.370 --> 00:38:26.400 Amy Scott: The Friedrich is on the precipice sort of the destructive quality to it clearly the dead trees, but you have included this fire, which is an animating force. 218 00:38:28.200 --> 00:38:32.820 Amy Scott: And I wondered if you want to speak a little bit about the role of 219 00:38:35.790 --> 00:38:39.900 Amy Scott: Fire as a metaphor, both for death. 220 00:38:41.010 --> 00:38:53.790 Amy Scott: And for the spirituality that comes with the transition from one world to another or kind of the supernatural quality that fire. 221 00:38:54.990 --> 00:38:59.130 Amy Scott: You know, seems to embody for so many of us. 222 00:39:00.630 --> 00:39:06.840 Michael Scott: Well, first, I'll talk briefly about the Frederick, and in my interpretation of that painting. 223 00:39:08.100 --> 00:39:24.480

Michael Scott: Obviously, it's not a church that is full, or an abbey that is constructed in and not in ruins. It's flight by both trees which you know show their history. 224 00:39:25.470 --> 00:39:43.830 Michael Scott: In terms of their life cycle and and so you enter through that entry into you're traveling through the landscape and you're you're entering back through that it back into the landscape, in my opinion, Frederick is viewing 225 00:39:45.240 --> 00:40:07.800 Michael Scott: The planet or the earth the landscape, if you will, in the same capacity as any structure that man makes to worship it. And so that, that to me is very important in that piece because it does provide this this kind of renewal of 226 00:40:08.970 --> 00:40:18.540 Michael Scott: This phenomena that the landscape offers the participant in the now painting, you have four elements of fire within that 227 00:40:19.590 --> 00:40:29.700 Michael Scott: That particular piece of the bedroom, you have the sun force which is fire and it is what has helped us stay 228 00:40:31.380 --> 00:40:53.400 Michael Scott: You know alive. It's, it's, of course, being attacked through the ozone and carbon, and then the amount of carbon is being released in the atmosphere is referred to by the fire itself that's being ignited there. So again it references to global warming of the planet. You have this our 229 00:40:54.960 --> 00:41:07.290 Michael Scott: Emerging this snowy owl representing the Phoenix bird rising out of the fire for renewal. So again, like the Frederick that addresses the life cycle of things. 230 00:41:07.890 --> 00:41:18.210 Michael Scott: And then you have the smoke itself, which is in effect an hourglass, which contains all of those elements and looks at the total 231 00:41:18.630 --> 00:41:26.220 Michael Scott: Time the 4 billion years that the planet has been in existence and has been forming and now we grew up and we've had 232 00:41:26.790 --> 00:41:40.020

Michael Scott: Within that 4 billion years within the last 50 years of altered it drastically. And so that's the conversation that's in this piece and it's not a happy conversation, but it's still a conversation that's very important to listen to 233 00:41:41.640 --> 00:41:53.760 Amy Scott: I like the idea also bringing the bird into it as it's an animal, of course, but it's also an aspect of fire and it's associations with the Phoenix and the idea of rising from the ashes and this bird. 2.34 00:41:54.600 --> 00:42:05.010 Amy Scott: You know, sort of literally rising out of this smoldering pile of trees into this hourglass shape that the smoke has become which then of course speaks to 235 00:42:06.570 --> 00:42:08.010 Amy Scott: Fire. I mean time 236 00:42:09.120 --> 00:42:19.410 Amy Scott: So let's go on to another fire. Our painting, which is the next slide is also the landscape that I am in 2.37 00:42:20.820 --> 00:42:30.720 Amy Scott: And I put it alongside here another paying by beer staff, which is giant redwoods of California from 1874 238 00:42:31.440 --> 00:42:41.580 Amy Scott: And the reason I did this is not just because of the compositional similarities in the vertical format and obviously the use of trees to sort of define and establish that rhythm within the picture. 239 00:42:42.240 --> 00:42:53.370 Amy Scott: Also there is the sort of warm light and glow that emanates from the center of them, but they are otherwise to really incredibly different images and 240 00:42:54.030 --> 00:43:07.650 Amy Scott: The beer stat in part it's 1874 right so it's from the era of reconstruction. When we are looking to the west and its wilderness landscapes Yosemite and Yellowstone, in particular. 241 00:43:08.580 --> 00:43:19.320 Amy Scott: As a means of spiritual healing. This idea that God had christened the American West in the far west, especially, California. The Golden State.

242 00:43:20.430 --> 00:43:38.460 Amy Scott: As nature's cathedral was interpreted as a sign of not only our God given right to expand westward, but in the process to reclaim ourselves to reclaim salvation. Following this Wrath of the Civil War, which many believed was 243 00:43:40.110 --> 00:43:51.420 Amy Scott: punishment from God. For a nation that has slipped into moral decay and materialism. So there is a spiritual a very significant spiritual quality. 244 00:43:52.140 --> 00:44:03.690 Amy Scott: To the beer stand as Americans are looking to redeem themselves as sort of the chosen people, if you will, in the context of westward expansion as well as 245 00:44:05.730 --> 00:44:06.870 Amy Scott: This idea of 246 00:44:07.980 --> 00:44:19.050 Amy Scott: Revitalization the landscape is a place and a source of sort of cultural and as well as personal revitalization. And then of course in your painting. 247 00:44:20.400 --> 00:44:43.470 Amy Scott: You have again this owl that is rising out of the center of the painting, which has been changed from a lake from water into this smoldering fire that rises in this otherwise inexplicably snowy 248 00:44:44.790 --> 00:44:46.740 Amy Scott: Land. So there's that. 249 00:44:48.030 --> 00:44:53.010 Amy Scott: Contrast or oppositional nature, also the idea of fire and heat 250 00:44:54.060 --> 00:44:59.430 Amy Scott: emanating spontaneously or mysteriously from within. Another way is very sort of cold. 251 00:45:00.900 --> 00:45:14.820

Amy Scott: Place and then the L itself, who is, of course, transparent and speaks, I think, to. I'm not sure what I'm sort of the ritualistic nature of 252 00:45:16.080 --> 00:45:29.400 Amy Scott: Of our getting into nature of the human desire to transport ourselves back into nature and of how we keep returning to nature in order to redeem ourselves. 253 00:45:31.380 --> 00:45:34.260 Michael Scott: Well, the bird, I think, or bird's 254 00:45:36.570 --> 00:45:49.230 Michael Scott: eye view these as encounters when when I encounter them there's meaning attached to them. And so that's part of the investigation that some of these paintings actually migrate to 255 00:45:50.640 --> 00:46:00.630 Michael Scott: Is when when you have a burden county that comes at then in the case of certainly 2.56 00:46:02.460 --> 00:46:05.340Michael Scott: The owl is referred to 257 00:46:06.540 --> 00:46:09.180 Michael Scott: Me in psychology as the messenger. And so 2.58 00:46:10.200 --> 00:46:12.990 Michael Scott: You know, there's a message there that one has to interpret 259 00:46:14.400 --> 00:46:25.380 Michael Scott: It is usually very obscure. It's not something that you know it reveals itself easily. It is something that you need to pay attention to as a question. 260 00:46:27.150 --> 00:46:36.390 Michael Scott: The this particular painting of the Alice, think again a Phoenix, but also representing a rebirth. 261 00:46:37.860 --> 00:46:49.770 Michael Scott: That the landscape renews you buy, and that's what I get from the bearish that is that when we participate in the natural world. And when we go and we isolate ourselves. There we have this kind of

262 00:46:50.190 --> 00:47:12.810 Michael Scott: Communion, that it feeds us in such miraculous ways and. And so in that way you're being is reborn and you have new awareness is of your place in and the role of on the planet. And it's a reminder of sorts. 263 00:47:14.490 --> 00:47:23.700 Michael Scott: That one should be in those places and participate and it will the density of it gives you, I think. 264 00:47:24.930 --> 00:47:26.430 Michael Scott: Stronger life and 265 00:47:27.630 --> 00:47:38.310 Michael Scott: And also huge awareness is about your place in time. It is an artist. I mean, if you're not painting paintings 266 00:47:39.750 --> 00:47:47.640 Michael Scott: That are somewhat challenging with concepts. Then I wonder why are you making page and I had 267 00:47:48.210 --> 00:47:51.750 Michael Scott: That I asked myself that question. 268 00:47:53.460 --> 00:48:08.910 Michael Scott: Quite often does this painting need to exist, you know, and so I can't, if I can't, if I can't explain that to myself or I can give an answer that I keep looking looking looking for its explanation. 269 00:48:09.510 --> 00:48:09.990 Michael Scott: And so I 270 00:48:10.200 --> 00:48:18.810 Michael Scott: Have this theory that paintings have their own embedded ambitions and that, in the same way you pay attention to the metaphor of the owl. 271 00:48:19.410 --> 00:48:27.540 Michael Scott: You also have this dialogue with the piece that you have to pay attention to as well. And because it's it is talking to you. 272 00:48:27.930 --> 00:48:41.730

Michael Scott: And the greatest danger is that you're, you do not want to tell it what it has to be then listen to it and what it wants to be or needs to be in terms of the conversation and so 273 00:48:42.600 --> 00:48:53.400 Michael Scott: It's a very different approach. And I think that that same approach if you're wandering through that fear that landscape would be the same approach. I would have amongst the remix, you know, and 274 00:48:54.660 --> 00:48:58.740 Michael Scott: What better to ask the questions that it is to tell us 275 00:48:59.460 --> 00:49:02.940 Amy Scott: That reminds me of this essay by the art historian 276 00:49:04.830 --> 00:49:21.030 Amy Scott: W j team Mitchell, I think is his name called What Do pictures want, in which he explores the way that pictures, you know, um, sometimes demand, sometimes more quietly, you know, things from us. I'm that 277 00:49:22.650 --> 00:49:28.350 Amy Scott: Create this relationship that we have with them and they do that and explicit in interesting ways. 278 00:49:29.370 --> 00:49:45.330 Amy Scott: So with that in mind, and what two pictures one. I think that's probably a good time to take some questions from the audience. If you want to enter them into your Q AMP a feature. I'm going to turn it on and I will read them out. 279 00:49:46.020 --> 00:49:49.140 Michael Scott: For Michael before we go there. Let me say this. 280 00:49:51.090 --> 00:50:03.720Michael Scott: I think that oftentimes viewers when they go to a museum or they go to a gallery, they look at works of art in in referencing it as 281 00:50:05.790 --> 00:50:18.540Michael Scott: I like it. Or I don't like it or it's a good piece or it's not a piece. And I think that's the wrong question. The question you should be asking when you look at the work of art is. Is it magic. 282 00:50:19.740 --> 00:50:30.690

Michael Scott: If it's magical and if it contains that element of magic that transports you, then that's something to participate in in judge it out of that kind of characteristic 283 00:50:33.120 --> 00:50:36.360 Amy Scott: Well, your paintings are definitely magical 284 00:50:37.380 --> 00:50:47.700 Amy Scott: There's no question about that. And so the first question that we have has to do with the artists or locations in nature that you find most inspiring. 285 00:50:50.460 --> 00:50:54.420 Michael Scott: Well, I'm not sure if I understand the question was like a location that I've been to 286 00:50:54.480 --> 00:51:05.790 Amy Scott: I think it's, I think it is. I'm interpreting your correctly. I think it's just says what artists are locations in nature, do you find most inspiring. So I think it's talking about specific places we've talked a lot about beer stat and Cole. 287 00:51:06.270 --> 00:51:10.020 Amy Scott: And Friedrich, of course, that I'm perhaps you could talk about a few others. 288 00:51:10.890 --> 00:51:20.490 Michael Scott: Yeah, I mean I painted primarily I like more than regions more than I did like southern regions and and i also like 289 00:51:21.240 --> 00:51:37.800 Michael Scott: I like landscapes that have vertical as opposed to horizontal and because there's rhythms involved in that spatial relationship that I like to compositionally operate from and and so 290 00:51:38.910 --> 00:51:41.670 Michael Scott: That could be anywhere. Basically, as long as it's good for 291 00:51:43.560 --> 00:51:57.570 Michael Scott: Good mountains, I suppose. Yes, good clubs and so we don't have a lot of verticals you into Mexico in the galaxy or Beijing, but you certainly can be in the mountains and acquire and quite rapidly. So it is

292

00:51:59.400 --> 00:52:03.810 Michael Scott: You know, I enjoy main a great deal. That's probably 293 00:52:04.950 --> 00:52:19.380 Michael Scott: real deep well for me as far as what it offers as a landscape and the moody deaths, the coast and the granite, there is is quite 294 00:52:20.520 --> 00:52:36.150 Michael Scott: Quite beautiful and when you get that in Washington state to you get these big outcroppings and and other mysterious along the coast of Oregon down into California with redwoods and so you know there are there are 295 00:52:37.890 --> 00:52:45.750 Michael Scott: As a landscape painter, you know, I've covered them all. I, I tend to feel my trip to the Everglades was my least 296 00:52:48.690 --> 00:52:52.950 Michael Scott: Safe Place, because I thought I was going to be bitten by a cotton mouth or 297 00:52:55.200 --> 00:53:08.370 Michael Scott: Regular camera and I also like mining and I learned a great deal, because I don't have to worry about a bear or anything like that. And so, you know, there are certain things you have to be kind of a tune to when you place yourself in certain landscapes. Mm hmm. 298 00:53:09.690 --> 00:53:14.670 Amy Scott: So it's really sort of about the various aspects of the landscape contains um 299 00:53:15.450 --> 00:53:39.750 Amy Scott: What here's, here's another question. Um, as this landscape series has evolved from the initial concept three to four years ago. How has this artistic journey changed your views of what you began and how it evolved to the present finished painting from Jay, Jason. Can you talk to in Maryland. 300 00:53:41.010 --> 00:53:41.520 Michael Scott: Well, 301 00:53:43.440 - > 00:53:47.070Michael Scott: This projects been going on just shy of 10 years

302 00:53:48.180 --> 00:53:59.010 Michael Scott: And it grew out of a heart event that I had that I had to kind of like do. And so when you have those kind of events physically in your life. 303 00:53:59.670 --> 00:54:15.780 Michael Scott: You get really aware and in touch with your own mortality as far as what makes you happy. What amount of time you have and then within that time frame. What is it that you want to do with it. And so 304 00:54:17.400 --> 00:54:28.920 Michael Scott: I had initiated my career as a painter with the landscape I instead of the side the ship the page in New York, though, showing back in the 80s and 90s primarily were 305 00:54:30.270 --> 00:54:36.510 Michael Scott: They were environmental paint and but the temperament and the attitude. 306 00:54:37.050 --> 00:54:46.170 Michael Scott: At the time was was much more difficult for the compensation, people were still wanting to be involved in a more pleasant landscape, if you will. 307 00:54:46.740 --> 00:55:02.370 Michael Scott: And mind or not. And so that actually went through with certain migration and I ended up changing and doing these conceptual projects about these other ideas, but after this event. No. 308 00:55:03.630 --> 00:55:13.230 Michael Scott: That doesn't interest me as much and I like the landscape, more than anything in my life very connected to it. And so I returned to that same 309 00:55:14.040 --> 00:55:14.940 Michael Scott: Same station. 310 00:55:14.970 --> 00:55:27.630 Michael Scott: The difference is today that I offer and rather than it's just slash and burn clear cut and destruction, I offer a conversation as 311 00:55:28.200 --> 00:55:44.490

Michael Scott: For the spiritual aspect of how we're fed, as humans, and how important that is not to rob ourselves of that experience and take the last vestige vestiges of wilderness away from ourselves. 312 00:55:47.970 --> 00:55:49.200 Michael Scott: You know, 313 00:55:52.080 --> 00:55:52.620 Michael Scott: That we're 314 00:55:55.080 --> 00:55:56.610 Amy Scott: Speaking of, you know, wilderness 315 00:55:57.960 --> 00:56:14.970 Amy Scott: And the ruination there of this is a really interesting question, given the increasing devastation of fire season, which of course here in California is currently raging, there are no less than a million, if not more acres literally on fire, as we speak. 316 00:56:15.990 --> 00:56:21.750 Amy Scott: What questions do you think are important for us to ask about our interactions with the natural world. 317 00:56:23.580 --> 00:56:33.270 Michael Scott: Well, I mean, it's clear that there's a demand for because the national parks have never been crowd more crowded more 318 00:56:34.440 --> 00:56:40.170 Michael Scott: overrun their budgets have been severely cut and it's hard for them to maintain but 319 00:56:43.560 --> 00:56:54.330 Michael Scott: So the drive is there, how you participate in that it comes to I think stewardship and and you know 320 00:56:55.020 --> 00:57:04.590 Michael Scott: Being involved and taking care of our planet. I think that's a, that's a real real lesson 90% of wildflowers are created by 321 00:57:05.340 --> 00:57:15.840 Michael Scott: Human Interaction and human beings. I mean, you have a great deal of them certainly California this year that we're lightning strike, but you know if you're hitting the planet.

322 00:57:16.950 --> 00:57:27.480 Michael Scott: These fires are going to be far more intense as we're we're seeing the same is occurring with water. The floods in a great deal. 323 00:57:28.800 --> 00:57:33.360 Michael Scott: More severe tornadoes or tsunamis and the 324 00:57:35.700 --> 00:57:47.640 Michael Scott: hurricanes are more regular and so you know it is a planet out of balance. And so I think stewardship and awareness and participating in that kind of conservation. 325 00:57:48.150 --> 00:57:59.850 Michael Scott: That's where we have to be. I mean, I know it sounds like I'm on a soapbox but I really believe and and I feel as an artist. That's part of my duty to be a goal. 326 00:58:01.380 --> 00:58:01.950 Amy Scott: Mm hmm. 327 00:58:03.450 --> 00:58:15.960 Amy Scott: OK, the next question also has a contemporary and environmental component to it, which is what inspiration, if any have you found during the pandemic that might influence your current or future work. 32.8 00:58:18.780 --> 00:58:38.940 Michael Scott: Well, my day really doesn't change too much. I mean, the pandemic, but I mean I pretty much live in isolation, with my wife and my dogs and in that I don't go someplace else. My studios, on the compound here that I created so that part of it. 329 00:58:40.170 --> 00:58:48.930 Michael Scott: Is the same. I think the awareness of how this pandemic and probably others to follow are created. 330 00:58:49.590 --> 00:59:07.800 Michael Scott: Is when you go into the rainforest and you start taking out species and you start cutting it down and then you add things, etc. And you know the species that lives in those places. They've been pretty much contained and and 331

00:59:08.970 --> 00:59:19.380

Michael Scott: And isolated, but then you put them into these other environments where diseases that jump from one species to the next species and then to human 332 00:59:19.890 --> 00:59:32.310 Michael Scott: And we've never encountered it before. It's only lived out there you know with bat droppings or some kind of animal that is sold in these what's you know markets and 333 00:59:34.110 --> 00:59:45.750 Michael Scott: That's an awareness that you have to pay attention to that. That's also say, Hey, be, be aware and stop taking away the natural habitat for things that you shouldn't be fully with 334 00:59:46.410 --> 00:59:46.590 Amy Scott: And 335 00:59:47.310 --> 00:59:49.230Michael Scott: It becomes a habitat question. 336 00:59:50.610 --> 00:59:52.440 Michael Scott: Make a painting about that. I don't know. 337 00:59:54.120 --> 00:59:58.740 Michael Scott: I haven't yet but I'm certainly aware involved with the conversation. 338 01:00:00.210 --> 01:00:05.640 Amy Scott: But it definitely that's an interesting answer and that it definitely gets back to, you know, your work does speak. 339 01:00:06.930 --> 01:00:14.520 Amy Scott: To some of the ramifications of not respecting the environment of the unintended consequences of altering it 340 01:00:15.360 --> 01:00:35.730 Amy Scott: To drastically and of course the the pandemic is an extremely, you know, sort of extreme and and terrifying example of that. Okay, I think we have time for one more question. Um, how do you see your artwork, reflecting the current times we are in again with the fires across the West. 341 01:00:37.230 --> 01:00:44.250

Michael Scott: Well, again, the fires across the west. That's one element that's going on, but you're also, you know, 342 01:00:45.420 --> 01:00:57.030 Michael Scott: Opening up the Arctic for drilling mean these are, this idea of short term gain out agree for a few robbing mini 343 01:00:58.140 --> 01:01:18.390 Michael Scott: And and the planet of protection. I mean we really haven't even gotten into the perfect frost and the thought of that, and millions and millions of years of carbon embedded in that it's up and really I mean that is that's going to have some real real effects that 344 01:01:19.560 --> 01:01:26.340 Michael Scott: You know, is not going to be terribly pleasant. I mean, the earth will go off. I mean, but species will change and 345 01:01:27.000 --> 01:01:28.380 Amy Scott: A blip blip. 346 01:01:29.700 --> 01:01:32.340 Amy Scott: Our existence within it might not. 347 01:01:34.710 --> 01:01:44.460 Amy Scott: If we're not a little more conscious of these things. Well, thank you. I, for joining us today. Michael for taking the time to talk with me. 348 01:01:44.970 --> 01:01:58.470 Amy Scott: And thanks to everybody out there who took time out of your busy days to hear more about Michael and his work and learn a little bit about RSS creation and of course on the Audrey. 349 01:01:59.190 --> 01:02:16.800 Amy Scott: I hope that you will join me again for another conversation on Saturday, September 26th with the artist in sculptor Gerald Clark from his ranch on the band of Indians reservation and I thank you all. Enjoy the rest of your evening.